

CATV ULTRA-LINEAR HIGH-GAIN TRANSISTOR

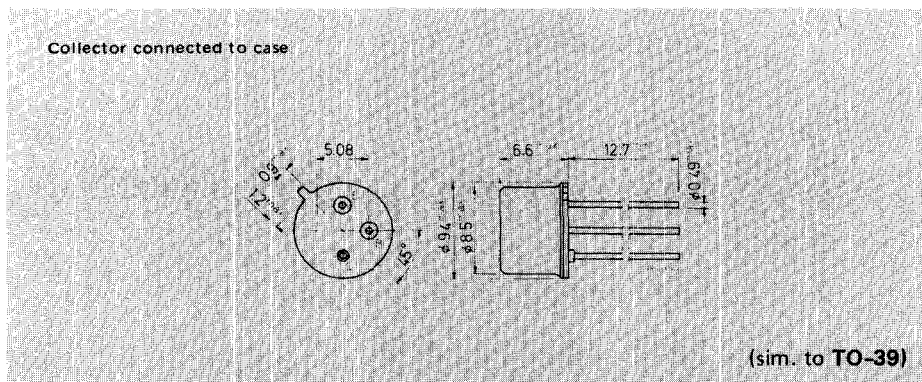
The BFR36 is a multi-emitter silicon planar epitaxial NPN transistor in Jedec TO-39 metal case. It is designed for CATV-MATV amplifier applications over a wide frequency range (40 to 860 MHz). The device features very good intermodulation properties, very low reverse capacitance, high power gain and high power dissipation.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_{CBO}	Collector-base voltage ($I_E = 0$)	40	V
V_{CEO}	Collector-emitter voltage ($I_B = 0$)	30	V
V_{EBO}	Emitter-base voltage ($I_C = 0$)	3	V
I_C	Collector current	200	mA
I_{CM}	Collector peak current	400	mA
P_{tot}	Total power dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 40^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 50^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	W
T_{stg}, T_j	Storage and junction temperature	-55 to 200	$^\circ\text{C}$

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm



THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal resistance junction-case	max	30	°C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	max	200	°C/W

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{CBO}	Collector cutoff current ($I_E = 0$) $V_{CB} = 20V$ $V_{CB} = 20V$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}C$			150 20	nA μA
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base breakdown voltage ($I_E = 0$) $I_C = 100\mu A$	40			V
$V_{CEO(sus)}^*$	Collector-emitter sustaining voltage ($I_B = 0$) $I_C = 10mA$	30			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-base breakdown voltage ($I_C = 0$) $I_E = 100\mu A$	3			V
V_{CEK}^{**}	Collector-emitter knee voltage $I_C = 100mA$		700	750	mV
V_{BE}	Base-emitter voltage $I_C = 70mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$		750		mV
h_{FE}^*	DC current gain $I_C = 70mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $I_C = 150mA$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $I_C = 70mA$ $V_{CE} = 15V$ $I_C = 150mA$ $V_{CE} = 15V$	60	130		— — — —
f_T	Transition frequency $V_{CE} = 15V$ $f = 100MHz$ $I_C = 70mA$ $I_C = 150mA$	1	1.4 1.2		GHz GHz
C_{EBO}	Emitter-base capacitance $I_C = 0$ $V_{EB} = 0.4V$ $f = 1MHz$		7		pF

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter		Test conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
C_{CBO}	Collector-base capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$	$V_{CB} = 15\text{V}$			3	pF
$-C_{re}$	Reverse capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$	$V_{CE} = 15\text{V}$	1.7	2.2		pF
NF	Noise figure	$V_{CE} = 15\text{V}$ $f = 200\text{MHz}$	$R_g = 50\ \Omega$ $I_C = 30\text{mA}$ $I_C = 70\text{mA}$		4 4.5		dB dB
G_{pe}	Power gain (see test circuit)	$I_C = 70\text{mA}$	$V_{CE} = 18\text{V}$ $f = 200\text{MHz}$ $f = 500\text{MHz}$ $f = 800\text{MHz}$		16 9.5 6.5		dB dB dB
$P_o^{(1)}$	Output power (see test circuit)	$I_C = 70\text{mA}$	$V_{CE} = 18\text{V}$ $f = 200\text{MHz}$ $f = 800\text{MHz}$	130 70	150 90		mW mW

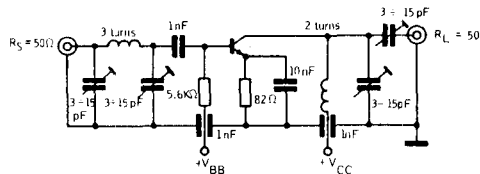
* Pulsed: pulse duration = 300 μ s, duty cycle = 1%

** I_B = Value corresponding to $I_C = 110\text{mA}$ and $V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$

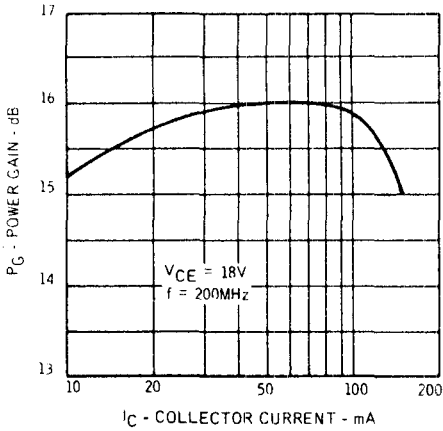
(1) Output VSWR < 2, $d_{irn} = -30\text{dB}$ @ $f = 2(f_q - f_p)$, $f_p = 798\text{MHz}$ and $f_q = 802\text{MHz}$

TEST CIRCUIT

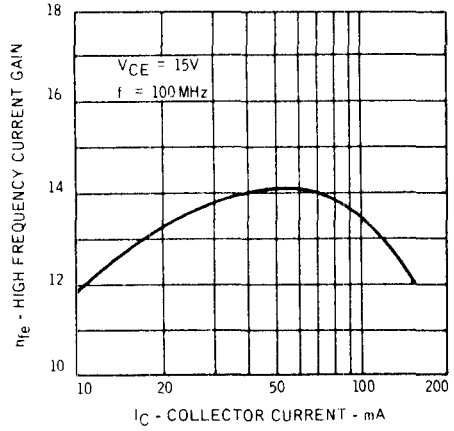
RF amplifier circuit for power gain test ($f = 200\text{MHz}$)



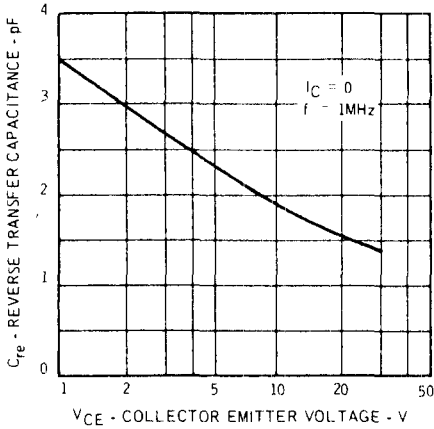
Power gain



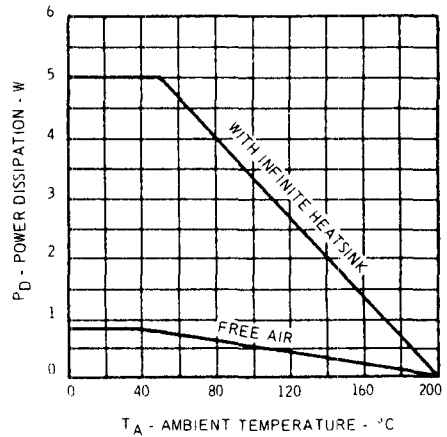
High frequency current gain



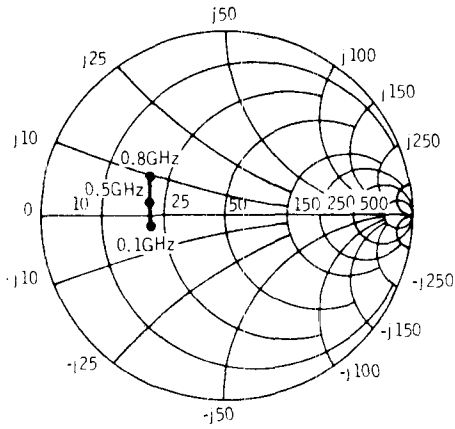
Reverse capacitance



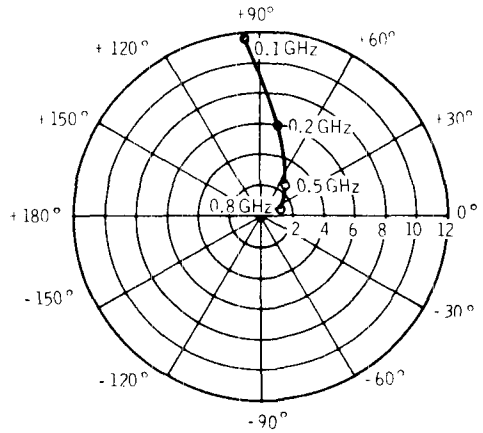
Power rating chart



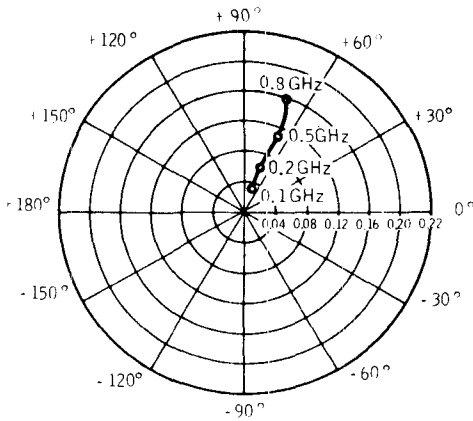
Input impedance S_{11e} (Ω)



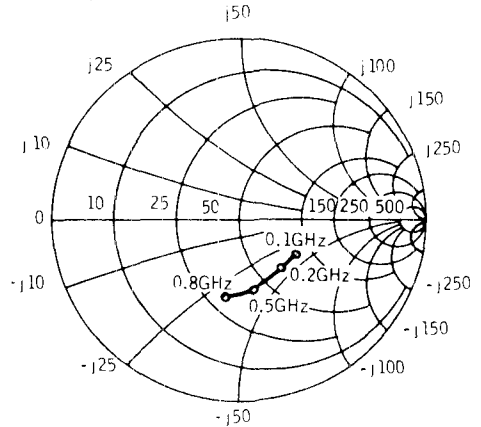
Forward transfer coefficient S_{21e}



Reverse transfer coefficient S_{12e}



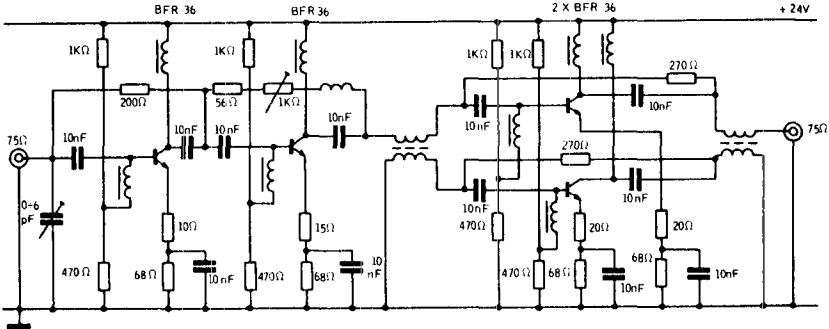
Output impedance (Ω)





TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

CATV-extender line amplifier

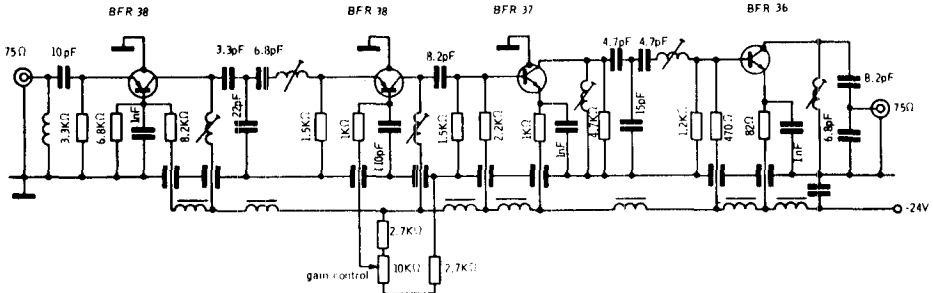


Second order distortion at $V_{OUT} = +46dBmV$.

$BW_{-3dB} = 10 - 350MHz$
 $P.G. = 25dB$

$d_{f1} + f2 = -61dB$ $f1 = 159MHz$
 $d_{f1} - f2 = -66dB$ $f2 = 57MHz$

MATV-200 MHz channel amplifier



Supply Voltage -24V
Current Drain 110mA
P.G. 70dB
N.F. 3dB

$V.S.W.R._{IN} < 1.5$
 $V.S.W.R._{OUT} < 2$
 $P_{OUT} 1.20mW$ at dim -30dB
Gain Control >30dB