## Typical Applications

- UHF Digital and Analog Receivers
- Digital Communication Systems
- Spread-Spectrum Communication Systems
- Commercial and Consumer Systems
- Portable Battery-Powered Equipment
- General Purpose Frequency Conversion


## Product Description

The RF2411 is a monolithic integrated UHF receiver front-end. The IC contains all of the required components to implement the RF functions of the receiver except for the passive filtering and LO generation. It contains an LNA (low-noise amplifier), a second RF amplifier, and a balanced mixer which can drive a single-ended or balanced load. The output of the LNA is made available as a pin to permit the insertion of a bandpass filter between the LNA and the RF/Mixer section. The LNA output is buffered to permit a wide range of choices for the interstage filter without altering the VSWR or noise figure at the LNA input and to provide high isolation from the LO to the input port. The LNA section may be disabled to conserve power.

Optimum Technology Matching ${ }^{\circledR}$ A pplied

| $\square$ Si BJT | $\square$ GaAs HBT | $\square$ GaAs MESFET |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\square$ Si Bi-CMOS | $\square$ SiGe HBT | $\square$ Si CMOS |



Functional Block Diagram


Package Style: SOIC-14

## Features

- Single 3V to 6.5V Power Supply
- 500 MHz to 1900 MHz Operation
- 25dB Small Signal Gain
- 2.5 dB Cascaded Noise Figure
- 8.5 mA DC Current Consumption
- -8dBm Input $\mathrm{IP}_{3}$

| Ordering Information |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| RF2411 | Low Noise Amplifier/Mixer |
| RF2411 PCBA-L | Fully Assembled Evaluation Board ( 850 MHz ) |
| RF2411 PCBA-H | Fully Assembled Evaluation Board (1800MHz) |

## RF2411

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Rating | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage | -0.5 to 7.0 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DC}}$ |
| Input LO and RF Levels | +6 | $\mathrm{dBm}^{\circ} \mathrm{Co}$ |
| Ambient Operating Temperature | -40 to +85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | -40 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |



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RF2411

| Parameter (1800 MHz) | Specification |  |  | Unit | Condition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |  |
| Overall |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{T}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RF}=1800 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\mathrm{LO}=0 \mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{IF}=50 \mathrm{MHz}$, Application Schematic 2 configuration |
| RF Frequency Range |  | 500 to 1900 |  | MHz |  |
| IF Frequency Range |  | DC to 100 |  | MHz |  |
| Cascade Gain |  | 22 |  | dB | $\mathrm{IF}=10 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
|  |  | 21 |  |  | $\mathrm{IF}=50 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
|  |  | 17 |  |  | $\mathrm{IF}=150 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| Cascade IP3 |  | -7 |  | dBm | Referenced to the input |
| Cascade Noise Figure |  | 4.0 |  | dB | Single sideband, $\mathrm{IF}=10 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
|  |  | 4.0 |  |  | Single sideband, $\mathrm{IF}=50 \mathrm{MHz}$ |
|  |  | 4.8 |  |  | Single sideband, IF=150MHz |
| First Section (LNA) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noise Figure |  | 2.6 |  | dB |  |
| Input VSWR |  | 1.2:1 |  |  |  |
| Input IP3 |  | -3.5 |  | dBm |  |
| Gain |  | 10 |  | dB |  |
| Reverse Isolation |  | 25 |  | dB |  |
| Output VSWR |  | 1.5:1 |  |  |  |
| Second Section (RF Amp, |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mixer, IF1) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noise Figure |  | 10.0 |  | dB | Single Sideband |
| Input VSWR |  | 2.0:1 |  |  |  |
| Input IP3 |  | +3 |  | dBm |  |
| Conversion Gain |  | 11 |  | dB |  |
| Output Impedance |  | 4 |  | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ | Open Collector |
| LO Input |  |  |  |  |  |
| LO Level |  | -6 to +6 |  | dBm |  |
| LO to RF Rejection |  | 30 |  | dB |  |
| LO to IF Rejection |  | 30 |  | dB |  |
| LO Input VSWR |  | 1.2:1 |  |  |  |

## RF2411

| Pin | Function | Description | Interface Schematic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | LNA IN | This pin is NOT internally DC-blocked. An external blocking capacitor must be provided if the pin is connected to a device with a DC path. A value of 100 pF is recommended for 900 MHz and 22 pF for 1800 MHz . |  |
| 2 | GND | Ground connection. For best performance, keep traces physically short and connect immediately to ground plane. |  |
| 3 | GND | Same as pin 2. |  |
| 4 | GND | Same as pin 2. |  |
| 5 | GND | Same as pin 2. |  |
| 6 | IF OUT+ | Balanced open collector output of the mixer. External bias needs to be supplied to this pin. This can be done with a resistor to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ (see application schematic, " 1800 MHz , Balanced Resistor Output Matching"), with a balun (see application schematic, " 1800 MHz , Output Matching with Balun") or when used in a single-ended configuration (see application schematic, " 1800 MHz , Single-Ended Resistive Output Matching"). When using a resistor to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ the resistor value will set the output impedance. Typical values for this resistor are $200 \Omega$ to $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. A shunt inductor/capacitor resonator to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ is needed to maintain proper DC voltage at the mixer. At low resistor values the resonator may be omitted at the expense of gain, output power and IP3. To obtain maximum gain and output power a balun as shown in application schematics " 1800 MHz , Output Matching with Balun" and " 850 MHz , Output Matching with Balun" is recommended. Using both outputs and matching them correctly to a single ended load will result in a 6 dB gain improvement over the plain single ended configuration. |  |
| 7 | IF OUT- | Same as pin 6 except complementary output. | See pin 6. |
| 8 | LO IN | $50 \Omega$ mixer LO input. This pin has an internal pull-up resistor to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ and is not DC-blocked. An external blocking capacitor must be provided if the pin is connected to a device with a DC path. A value of 100 pF is recommended for 900 MHz and 22 pF for 1800 MHz . |  |
| 9 | RF IN+ | Balanced mixer RF Input port. This pin is NOT internally DC-blocked. An external blocking capacitor must be provided if the pin is connected to a device with a DC path. A value of 100 pF is recommended for 900 MHz and 22 pF for 1800 MHz . Matching is required; see the applications schematics. To minimize the noise figure it is recommended to have a bandpass filter before this input. This will prevent noise at the image frequency from being converted to the IF. |  |
| 10 | RF IN- | Same as pin 9 except complementary input. | See pin 9. |
| 11 | VCC2 | Supply voltage for the mixer bias circuits. |  |
| 12 | VCC1 | Supply Voltage for the LNA only. A 47pF external bypass capacitor is required and an optional $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ will be required if no other low frequency bypass capacitors are nearby. The trace length between the pin and the bypass capacitors should be minimized. The ground side of the bypass capacitors should connect immediately to ground plane. |  |


| Pin | Function | Description | Interface Schematic |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | NC | No connection. |  |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | LNA OUT | $50 \Omega$ output. An external DC blocking capacitor is required when this <br> pin is connected to a DC path. |  |

## RF2411

## Application Schematic 850 MHz , Output Matching with Balun



## Application Schematic 1800 MHz , Output Matching with Balun



Application Schematic 1800 MHz , Balanced Resistive Output Matching


## Application Schematic 1800 MHz , Single-Ended Resistive Output Matching



## RF2411

## Evaluation Board Schematic Mixer Tuned for 850 MHz <br> (Download Bill of Materials from www.rfmd.com.)



## Evaluation Board Schematic Mixer Tuned for 1800 MHz



Evaluation Board Layout 850 MHz Board Size 2.0" x 2.0"



Evaluation Board Layout 1800 MHz
Board Size 2.0" x 2.0"


## RF2411






RF2411


## IF Output



RF2411

8

