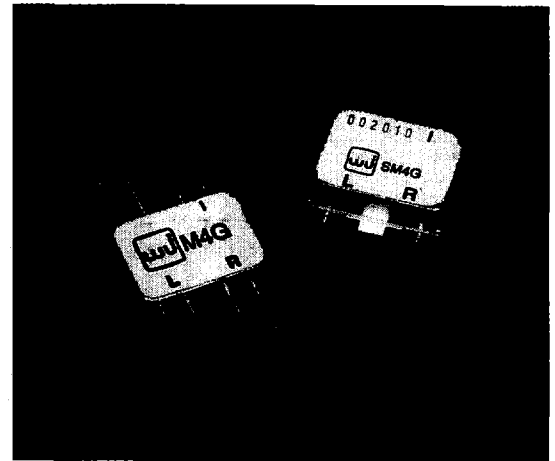




# M4G / SM4G

## DOUBLE-BALANCED MIXER

- ◆ LO 800 TO 3500 MHz
- ◆ RF 800 TO 2400 MHz
- ◆ IF DC TO 1500 MHz
- ◆ LO DRIVE +7 dBm (NOMINAL)
- ◆ HIGH ISOLATION 30 dB (TYP.)
- ◆ AVAILABLE IN SURFACE MOUNT
- ◆ MIL-M-28837 EQUIVALENT LEVEL SCREENING AVAILABLE



### Guaranteed Specifications <sup>1,2</sup>

Characteristics	Typ.	+25°C	-54°C to +85°C	Test Conditions	
SSB Conversion Loss and SSB Noise Figure (Max.)	7.0 dB	8.5 dB	9.0 dB	$f_L$ 800 to 3500 MHz $f_R$ 1300 to 2400 MHz $f_I$ 10 to 1500 MHz	
	8.0 dB	9.0 dB	9.5 dB	$f_L$ 800 to 3500 MHz $f_R$ 800 to 2400 MHz $f_I$ 10 to 1500 MHz	
Isolation (Min.)					
	$f_L$ at R	35 dB 28 dB	25 dB 20 dB	23 dB 18 dB	$f_L$ 800 to 2000 MHz $f_L$ 2000 to 3500 MHz
	$f_L$ at I	25 dB	18 dB	16 dB	$f_L$ 800 to 3500 MHz
Conversion Compression	1.0 dB			$f_R$ Level = 0 dBm	
Desensitization Level	1.0 dB			$f_{R2}$ Level = -2 dBm	

**Notes:**

1. Measured in a 50-ohm system with nominal LO drive and downconverter application only, unless otherwise specified. The I-Port frequency range extends to DC for phase detection, pulse modulation, or attenuator applications, I-Port VSWR degrades from a 50-ohm system at low IF frequencies.
2. Typical values are measured at +25°C and are not guaranteed.

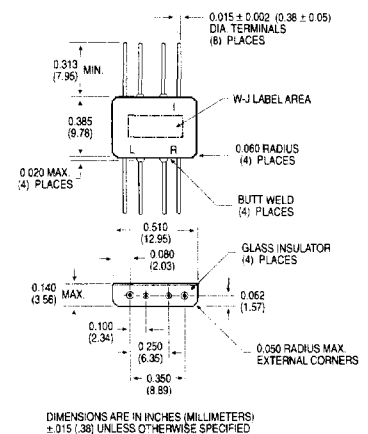
### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operating Temperature .....-54°C to +100°C  
 Storage Temperature .....-65°C to +100°C  
 Peak RF Input Power .....+23 dBm at +25°C, derate to + 17 dBm at +100°C  
 Peak Input Current at 25°C .....50 mA DC

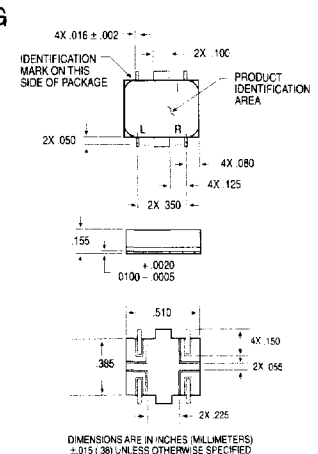
Weight M4G: 2 grams (0.07 oz.) max.  
 SM4G: 3 grams (0.11 oz.) max.

### Outline Drawings

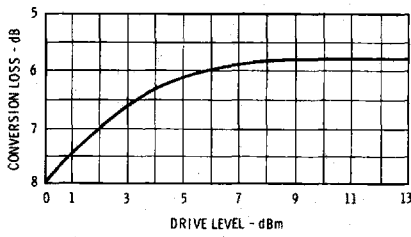
M4G



SM4G

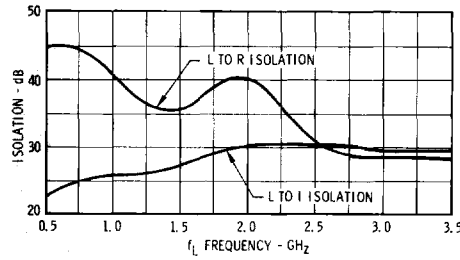


**Conversion Loss**

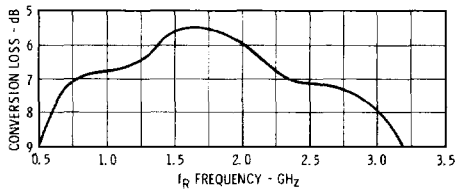


**Conversion Loss vs. Drive Level:** The minimum recommended drive level is +5 dBm. The maximum recommended drive level is +13 dBm.

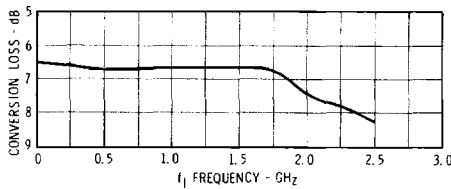
**Isolation**



**Isolation vs. Frequency:** Level of the  $f_L$  signal fed through to the R- and I-ports with respect to the level of the  $f_L$  signal at the L-port.



**Conversion Loss vs. Input Frequency:** Conversion loss of the mixer when used in an SSB system. The frequency ordinate refers to the R-port ( $f_R$ ) with  $f_I$  at 120 MHz and  $f_L$  less than  $f_R$ . Data plotted with an  $f_L$  level of +7 dBm.



**Conversion Loss vs.  $f_I$  Frequency:** Conversion loss of the mixer when used in an SSB system. The frequency ordinate refers to the I-port ( $f_I$ ) with  $f_R$  at 1.2 GHz and  $f_L$  swept from 1.2 to 3.7 GHz.